

THE INTELLIGENCER.

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THE INTELLIGENCER.

WHEELING, OCTOBER 17, 1900.



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM McKINLEY,
Of Ohio.
For Vice President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
Of New York.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large.
BENSON B. McMECHEN,
Of Marshall County.
J. B. LEWIS,
Of Kanawha County.
DISTRICT ELECTORS.
First District.
O. W. O. HARMAN, of Tyler Co.
Second District.
N. G. KEIM, of Randolph Co.
Third District.
CHAS. C. BEURY, of Fayette Co.
Fourth District.
T. B. McCLURE, of Wayne Co.

FOR CONGRESS.
First District.
B. B. DOVENER, of Ohio Co.
Second District.
ALSTON G. DAXTON, of Barbour Co.
Third District.
JOSEPH H. GAINES, of Kanawha Co.
Fourth District.
JAMES A. HUGHES, of Cabell Co.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.
For Governor,
ALBERT B. WHITE, of Wood Co.
For Auditor,
ARNOLD C. SCHIER, of Mineral Co.
For Treasurer,
PETER SILMAN, of Kanawha Co.
For Supt. of Schools,
T. C. MILLER, of Marion Co.
For Attorney General,
R. M. HARRIS, of Ritchie Co.
Judges Supreme Court,
HENRY BRANNON, of Lewis Co.
GEO. POFFENBARGER, of Mason Co.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
For Circuit Judge,
THAYER MELVIN,
Of Ohio County.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.
State Senate.
SAMUEL GEORGE, Sr.,
Of Brooke County.
House of Delegates,
ABRAHAM McCOLLOCH,
HENRY STRICK,
S. G. SMITH,
GEORGE A. LAUGHLIN.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.
Criminal Judge—T. J. HUGES.
Sheriff—D. H. TAYLOR.
Prosecuting Atty.—FRANK W. NESBITT.
Assessor (City)—ADDISON ISRAEL.
Assessor (County)—LESTER SMITH.
County Surveyor—ROBERT HAZLETT.

Mr. Debs and the Register.

The Register makes quite a labored
effort to brand the Intelligencer as
offering a gratuitous insult to the entire
body of American wage earners because
it cautioned the workmen against
being deceived by Eugene V. Debs, who
is not many degrees removed from a
professional agitator, and whose teach-
ings trend towards anarchy. The In-
telligencer spoke distinctly of Mr. Debs,
and it knew what it was doing when it
characterized him as an incendiary and
as an anarchist—one whose policies
opened up no avenues of encouragement
to the workingman, but on the contrary
leaned toward chaos in industrial and
commercial affairs. "This," says the
Register, "is a monstrous indictment
to bring against any man. When it is al-
leged against Mr. Debs it is frightful in
its audacity, and the deliberately pen-
ned sentiments of the Intelligencer
ought to be resented by every wage
earner in the land, for, in a just and
larger application, it strikes at every-
one who toils with his hands, and de-
nounces all those who cannot and do
not approve of a continuance of the rule
of the few for the benefit of the few,
and who are striving for a return of
popular government in the name of the
majority."

The Intelligencer made no "larger ap-
plication" than fitted Mr. Debs himself.
He is a dangerous man, because like
that chief of anarchists, ex-Governor
Altgeld, he has talent in a certain line,
sadly perverted though it be. There-
fore, the Intelligencer addressed itself
to the intelligent workingman who was
being misled and deceived by him
through his specious and sophistical
arguments. Specifically it said: "The
thinking workingman would better fight
shy of Mr. Debs. He will never gain
any advantages under such a leader.
All of the benefits he now enjoys have
been secured through the wisdom of
the Republican party. Object lessons
are better than promises. Prosperity

is more convincing than prophecy." Is
this insulting to the body politic of
American labor, to the thinking, de-
voting, toiling masses?

We still maintain that the followers
of Mr. Debs have been gathered to him
through a rank appeal to prejudice, by
the vicious arraignment of class against
class by a man who sees nothing but
evil and oppression in capital. Anyone
who remembers the Pullman strike
knows Mr. Debs' part in that unfortu-
nate conflict between capital and labor.
Debs was the man who incited men to
the destruction of property, who de-
fied the courts and mocked the law,
and who was finally made to suffer im-
prisonment for contempt of court. Who
was it that finally had to be called on
to suppress this riot incited by Debs? A
Democratic President—Grover Cleve-
land. John P. Altgeld, then governor
of Illinois, refused to call out the state
militia to put down the reign of chaos
and disorder, to crush the ascendancy
of a frenzied mob. So it was that the
strong arm of the United States had to
intervene, and United States troops
were sent to Chicago by the order of
President Cleveland. We do not con-
demn Cleveland for doing this, on the
contrary, he is to be commended for his
action. But Debs and Altgeld disagreed
with him, and also disagreed with the
courts that sought to protect private
property from wanton destruction.
Debs and Altgeld went hand in hand,
and the fruit of this riot was the adop-
tion of the following plank in the Chi-
cago platform of the Democratic party,
inspired by the anarchist governor of
Illinois:

"We denounce arbitrary interference
by federal authorities in local af-
fairs as a violation of the constitution
of the United States and a crime
against free institutions, and we es-
pecially object to government by in-
junction as a new and highly danger-
ous form of oppression."

That plank along with free silver was
reaffirmed by the Kansas City conven-
tion, and that is what Mr. Debs stands
for, and that is why the Register ad-
vises workmen who are being de-
ceived and misled by Debs not to vote
"In the air" for Debs, but vote for Bryan,
who, if elected, will grant all things
asked for by the friend of Altgeld.

If the workingman has been insulted,
he has been insulted by the Register.
His intelligence has been insulted by
such rank assertions as this, which out-
Bryan's Bryanism: "The average work-
ingman of this country is worse off to-
day, upon the eve of a national election,
and after three years and six months of
McKinleyism, than he has been in ten
years."

The Democratic party has insulted
and outraged the manhood of labor by
humiliating and degrading it to soup
house pauperism, and the years of "hor-
ror, hunger and misery." These quoted
words are not the Intelligencer's, but
the testimony of an eminent labor
leader, President Gompers, of the
American Federation of Labor. He
spoke wisely and knowingly. He spoke
from experience, and not from a dema-
gogue and hypocritical point of view
that always characterizes the Register's
protestations of friendship for the work-
ingman.

Bryan and Labor.

Bryan can't let go of a freak idea
when it is once implanted in his brain.
He has tried all the alleged issues in
the Kansas City platform, and found
them wanting. Now he is trying the
potentiality of "class" hatred. Can any
man get any lower in this line than he
sank the other day in saying that the
Republicans want a standing army "so
that they can build a fort near every
large city and use the army to suppress
by force the discontent that ought to be
cured by remedial legislation."

But there are other things he is equal-
ly rank in. Starting out as a free
trader, in 1894, when told his policy
would destroy the American rate of
wages, he replied by flaunting over the
head of his printed speech the proverb:
"Better is little with righteousness than
great revenues without right."

Surely workmen must think of the
devil quoting scripture when told they
must come down in their wages and ac-
cept poverty in the name of right. With
equal fanaticism Bryan says now, the
first thing he would like to do as Presi-
dent would be "to take off every dollar
of protective tariff on the products of
mills in trusts." Here is the open
threat to sweep away all protection
from nine-tenths of the protected man-
ufactures of the country, for all that
number are large corporations. The
Bryan cut would be destructive to
wages in the steel, iron, glass, tin plate,
oil, paint, lumber, sugar, paper, and
other leading industries.
Bryan's threat is backed up by the
Democratic platform in all its ruinous
radicalism. It pledges that "our tariff
laws be amended by placing the prod-
ucts of trusts on the free list." There
is a recipe for hard times. No discrimi-
nation between corporations, but absolute
stripping of protection from all, even
where a combination has reduced prices
to the consumer.

The man who burned his barn to get
rid of rats was not half so reckless as is
Bryan, who would endanger the wages
of millions of employees in order to be
revenge on a few thousand employers
for opposing his ambition to be Presi-
dent. Beware of Bryan. His destruc-
tion of American wages and industry
would be worse than the wreckage
caused by the proverbial bull in the
china shop.

Webster Davis Again.

Our old friend Webster Davis, who
has been moribund for some time, has
been revived and on Monday night, at
Cumberland, Md., he went through his
great throat-clutching act, and as usual
called somebody a liar and dared him to
meet him at the hotel. Same old speech.
This time he accuses Hanna of circu-
lating the story that the Debs
"financed" him for his great political
contortion act. Hanna is guiltless.
And Davis knows it. The story was
cabled to this country from England,
and was denied simultaneously with its
publication in the American press. If Mr.
Davis wishes to deny any tangible reports,
why doesn't he deny that he shot holes
through his hat while he was running
for mayor of Kansas City, claiming that
an attempt had been made by his politi-
cal enemies to assassinate him? That's
something worth denying.
Mr. Davis closed his speech with this
remarkably humorous declaration:



EVERYTHING FREE BUT NO TAKERS.

"They are 'on to' Hanna, and Bryan
will be elected sure as the sun shines.
Sixty days ago I did not think he stood
any show; now I stake my reputation
on the result."

If reputation is all Mr. Davis has to
stake, he stands to lose nothing in
either event. People do not place much
confidence in a man, who was a warm
Republican but a few months, yes, days
before the Kansas City convention met,
and is now defaming that party and its
candidates, and who in October, 1898, at
Kansas City, spoke of the party he is
consorting with at the present time as
follows:

"Listen, my Democratic friends and
neighbors, for I have friends and neigh-
bors in this city, which is my home; lis-
ten to what I am about to say. When
the Democratic party antagonizes and
attacks the administration of President
McKinley, upon its policy in Cuba, Por-
to Rico and the Philippine Islands, THE
DEMOCRATIC PARTY IS CAMPING
IN THE GRAVEYARD OF DEAD
ISSUES."

It is camping there all right, and it
has been camping among the tomb-
stones of the past ever since the war
among the states.

A Candidate's Stupidity.

The same sort of drivelt that Bryan
got off at his old home at Salem, Illinois,
last week, about the contemplated cor-
ruption of the voters by the managers
of the Republican campaign, has been
given extensive circulation in this state,
with the addition that a horde of illegal
voters are being dumped into West Vir-
ginia to aid the Republican party in
smothering Bryanism and McGrawism
in the state. This is mere fol-de-rol. It
is more; it is the dying gasp of the
Democracy of the nation and the state.

The New York Times hits off Bryan's
Salem speech very happily. It was on
that occasion that Mr. Bryan said that
"if the election were held to-day there
is no doubt that we would have a ma-
jority in the electoral college and in the
popular vote. But the Republican man-
agers are now collecting from the
monopolies a large campaign fund.
They will buy every vote that can be
bought. They will coerce every vote
that can be coerced. They will intimid-
ate every laboring man who can be in-
timidated. They will bribe every elec-
tion judge who can be bribed. They
will corrupt every count that can be
corrupted."

Commenting on these words the
Times says:

"During the week that Bryan's Salem
speech has been before the country a
good many Democrats have been receiv-
ing his sentimental drivel about his 'pre-
cepts' and his desperately selfish and in-
sulting suspicion that Democrats are to
be intimidated, and that every elec-
tion judge and election clerk—meaning of
course every Democrat who is entrusted
with either of these offices—will be bribed
and corrupted. What respect can be en-
tertained for the man, though he be twi-
fold a candidate, who can parade such sen-
timents about ancestors and 'pre-cepts' in
the same breath in which he thus insinuates
the good faith and loyalty of the party
that has held him up, mistakenly, we in-
sist, as honorable, truthful, and fit to be
the President of the United States? Such
stupidity is not inconsistent with honesty,
but the American people will not trust it
in the white house."

We venture to assert that the Salem
speech by Mr. Bryan deprived him more
Democratic votes in Salem than will be
obtained by bribery and corruption for his
opponent in the whole state of Illinois.

The Menace of Bryan.

The letter of W. M. Ritter, manufac-
turer of white pine and hardwoods, who
operates in West Virginia, among the
virgin forests of this resourceful state,
addressed to Governor Atkinson, should re-
ceive the careful attention of those
Democrats who are business men and
have vital interests at stake in the up-
proaching election, and who, like Mr.
Ritter, cannot see much hope for the
future if the calamity of Bryan's elec-
tion should happen. The letter is all
the weightier for the reason that Mr.
Ritter was born and bred a Democrat,
and never voted anything but the Dem-
ocratic ticket until four years ago, when
he could not stomach Bryan's political
and financial fallacies. Not seeing any
reason to regret his action in voting for
McKinley in 1896, but that everything
has developed to convince him he was
right, he will again vote for McKinley,
because he believes the best interests of
the country are hanging in the balance;
that if McKinley is elected the next
business year will be the greatest the
country has ever seen, but if Bryan is
successful there will be no telling the
extent of the disaster that will follow.

Mr. Ritter is one of the largest hard-
wood lumber dealers in the United
States, and while his main offices are
located at Columbus, Ohio, he has

plants at Panther, McDowell county,
West Virginia, where he employs 1,300
laborers. The future steady employ-
ment of these men depends upon the re-
sult of the election next month. He notes
that his office at Columbus is taking or-
ders which will be filled if McKinley is
elected, otherwise they are to be can-
celled. This is purely business, and the
same conditions prevail elsewhere, as
there is nothing but hazard until it is
positively known that the Republicans
shall have control of the administration
of the affairs of the country for the next
four years.

The Marietta Register, the second old-
est newspaper in what was formerly the
northwest territory, and the leading
daily in southeastern Ohio, has added
a Cox duplex web press to its plant,
and has increased in size to a seven
column quarto. The Register has al-
ways stood in line with the Republican
party, preaching its doctrines, and ad-
vocating high ideals in politics. As a
highly esteemed contemporary of the
Intelligencer for the past half century,
we hope for its continued success and
augur for it a prosperous future com-
mensurate with the growing city at the
mouth of the Muskingum.

Secretary Gage recently sent to Con-
gress the following estimates of surplus
of revenues for the fiscal years ending
June 30, 1900 and 1901: Republican-sur-
plus, 1900, \$70,000,000; 1901, \$80,000,000.
Secretary Carlisle used to be in the
habit of predicting a deficiency of reve-
nues. For instance: Democratic defi-
ciency, 1894, \$69,863,261; 1895, \$42,805,223.

"If I am shot by a Filipino bullet,
it might as well come from one of my
own men, because I know from obser-
vation confirmed by captured prison-
ers, that the continuance of the fight-
ing is chiefly due to reports that are
sent out from America."—The late
Gen. Henry W. Lawton.

"We are not there (the Philippines)
to establish an imperial government;
but we are there to establish a gov-
ernment of liberty under law, protec-
tion to life and property, and oppor-
tunity to all who dwell there."—
William McKinley.

Our Philippine commerce has only be-
gun. Exports to the islands in the year
ending June 30, 1896, were only \$162,465.
In the year ending June 30, 1900, how-
ever, they had expanded to \$2,649,449.

In 1896 Bryan said that nearly all the
states he visited in that campaign voted
against him, and all of those states he
did not visit voted for him. Still he is
making return visits this year.

By reference to our local columns this
morning, it will be seen that there is
quite a respectable number of patriots
still living in Wheeling who voted for
Lincoln in 1860.

Bryan's address to the "mothers" at
Youngstown, is a corker. Really it
would look well framed and labeled
demagogy.

It is said that Mr. Raymond, the
Democratic candidate for Congress in
this district spoke in Wheeling, Monday
evening.

Three weeks from to-day and we will
know how much majority McKinley will
have in the electoral college.

Bryan, at Canton, predicted McKin-
ley's defeat. We all know what he
amounts to as a prophet.

Senator Hanna is more than holding
his own in his western speech-making
tour.

Our throat-clutching shrieker for
"lib-er-tay" is at it again.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.
"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and
Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days.
Its action upon the system is remark-
able and mysterious. It removes at once
the cause and the disease immediately
disappears. The first dose greatly bene-
fits. 75 cents. Sold by R. H. List,
1010 Main street, Chas. Menckmeyer,
corner Market and Twenty-second
streets, druggists. mw&f

Announcement.

To accommodate those who are par-
tial to the use of atomizers in applying
liquids into the nasal passages for ear-
racheal trouble, the proprietors, pre-
pare Cream Ealm in liquid form, which
will be known as Elys' Liquid Cream
Balm. Price, including the spraying
tube, 16 75 cents. Druggists or by mail.
The liquid form embodies the medicinal
properties of the solid preparation.
Cream Ealm is quickly absorbed by the
membrane and does not dry up the se-
cretions, but changes them to a natu-
ral and healthy character. Elys' Broth-
ers, 56 Warren street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE
Friday Night, October 19.
Mr. Charles Frohman Presents the Suc-
cess of the Century.

THE
LITTLE
MINISTER.

By J. M. Barrie.
Founded on his novel of the same name.
Presented for 350 Nights in New York.
Prices—60c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Reserved
seat sale opens Thursday morning. oc13

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Octo-
ber 15, 16, 17. Matinee Wednesday. The
Indian Actress, Go-Won-Go Mohawk,
presenting Lincoln J. Carter's New Ro-
mantic Drama.

"THE FLAMING ARROW."
Introducing 30 people and four intel-
ligent trick horses. Night prices, 15c,
25c, 35c and 50c. Matinee prices, 15c,
25c and 35c. oc11

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Three nights, commencing Thursday,
October 18; usual matinees. W. O. Ed-
munds presents the sensational novelty.

Midnight in Chinatown.

Night prices—15, 25, 35 and 50 cents.
Matinee prices—15, 25 and 35 cents. oc15

WHITE SWAN LAUNDRY.

TWO MEN VOTED

and a hundred and
two beside that no
laundry in town
could approach the
work done by the
White Swan Lau-
ndry in perfection of
cleanliness and fin-
ish. They had good
reason—they had
tested its merits and
now are enthusiastic
in its praises. It
means for you to fol-
low their example
and derive the same benefits. Goods
called for and delivered by
WHITE SWAN LAUNDRY,
Telephone 560. 30-32 Tenth St.
F. R. SCROGGINS, Prop.

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DAUGHTER
OF THE ELM.
A TALE OF WEST VIRGINIA.
A book that has excited almost a
furore in the locality where the
story is set.

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EDUCATIONAL.

MOUNT
DE CHANTAL
ACADEMY,
Near
Wheeling,
W. Va.

IN THE CHARGE OF THE

Slates of the Visitation, B. V. M.

Fifty-Third Year, 1900-1901.

Opens Wednesday, Sept. 12.

Climate desirable for delicate girls.

Ten acres beautifully laid out. Golf,

Tennis, Croquet and other athletic

games. Excellent care; reasonable

rates. Address

The Directress of

Mount de Chantal Academy,

Near Wheeling, W. Va.

POLITICAL.

DOVENER'S APPOINTMENTS.

Frametown, Braxton county, Tuesday,

October 16.

Weston, Lewis county, Wednesday, Oc-

tober 17.

A. L. KINDS OF PLAIN AND FANCY

Printing. An entire new line of sam-

ples of Hall Programmes, Tickets and in-

stitutions at all prices at the Intelligencer

Job Printing Office

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—4 ROOMS and ATTACHMENT.
Apply at 119 Fourteenth street.

STORE ROOMS TO RENT.
MONEY TO LOAN.

Store rooms on Tenth and Main streets
for rent. Money to loan on real estate.
Acceptable loans made without delay.
JAMES L. HAWLEY,
Real Estate and Loan Agent, 1035 Main St.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

Paid for Woolen and Cotton Hags, Carpet
Brass, Scraps of Leather and Old Shoes,
Old Rubber, Bones, Hops and all kinds of
metal.

...ALFRED DIMMICK...

2506 Chapline street. Telephone 152.
Yards 2712 Main St. Telephone 114.

Violet Cream.

The popular remedy for chaps
and rough skin. Price 10 cents
per bottle. Prepared by

R. H. List, 1010 Main St.,
and sold by dealers generally.

Dill Pickles.

NEW DILL PICKLES.
THEY ARE FINE.

Extra Large, Fancy Quinces to-day.

ALBERT STOLZE & CO.

BOTTLES, 60c 60c BOTTLES.
JACOBSON BROS.,
Dealers in Second-hand

BOTTLES.

Ale, Porter, Appollinaris, Wine,
Brandy, etc.

We cater to the Wine, Liquor and Na-
tural Water trade. We are also always
the market to buy bottles. Correspond-
ence solicited. L. D. Phone 161.
2125 to 2135 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

BOTTLES, 60c 60c BOTTLES.

WM. BRICELAND,

FRESH FISH
and OYSTERS...

Special attention given to all orders.
Prompt delivery guaranteed.

Telephone 957. 1612 Market St.

REDEMPTION OF BONDS, LOAN SH

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 16, 1900.

The following bonds of the loan of \$50
have this day been drawn by lot, accord-
ing to ordinance, and will be redeemed
on and after the first day of November,
1900, at the Bank of the Ohio Valley, in-
terest on the same ceases on that day.

Bonds \$100.00 each—Nos. 537, 538, 539, 540,
541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549,